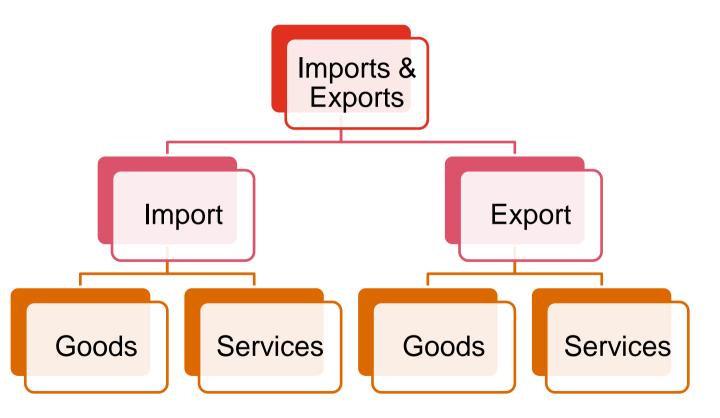
Exports, Imports & Refunds in GST

ICMAI GST Course
Online Session

Rohit Kumar Singh - Founder

ACA, ACMA, FCS, LLB, DISA (ICAI) Rohit@taxmarvel.com /+91 - 9503031788

Key Definitions – Imports and Exports



Key Definitions – Imports (IGST Act, 2017)

Sec 2(10) of the IGST Act, 2017 –

"import of goods" with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means bringing goods into India from a place outside India;

Sec 2(11) of the IGST Act, 2017 –

- "import of services" means the supply of any service, where-
- (i) the **supplier** of service is located **outside India**;
- (ii) the recipient of service is located in India; and
- (iii) the place of supply of service is in India;

Key Definitions – Exports (IGST Act, 2017)

Sec 2(5) of the IGST Act, 2017 –

"export of goods" with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions, means taking goods out of India to a place outside India;

Case	Location of supplier	Location of goods	Goods supplied to	Location of recipient	Place of supply
1	Assam	Assam	Thailand	Assam	Thailand
2	Maharashtra	Dubai	Iran	Iran	Not an export

Key Definitions – Exports (IGST Act, 2017)

Sec 2(6) of the IGST Act, 2017 –

- "export of services" means the supply of any service when,— (i) the supplier of service is located in India;
- (ii) the recipient of service is located outside India;
- (iii) the place of supply of service is outside India;
- (iv) the **payment** for such service has been received by the supplier of service in **convertible foreign exchange**; and
- (v) the **supplier** of service and the **recipient** of service are not **merely establishments** of a **distinct person** in accordance with Explanation 1 in section 8; **Sec 8 Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this Act, where a person has,**
- (i) an establishment in India and any other establishment outside India; then such establishments shall be treated as establishments of distinct persons.

Place of Supply of Goods – Sec 11 IGST (Goods imported into / exported from India)

Export of goods: Means taking goods out of India to a place outside India; **Import of goods:** Means bringing goods into India from a place outside India;

Section	Situation	Place of supply
11(a)	Goods imported into India	Location of importer
11(b)	Goods exported from India	Location outside India

Note: Section 5 provides that **IGST shall be levied** on goods imported into India as per Section 3 of Customs Tariff Act

- Point of taxation When duties of customs are levied on the said goods
- Value As determined as per Customs Act

Place of Supply of Goods – Sec 11 IGST (Illustrations)

Section 11(a): Import of goods

Case	Location of supplier	Location of goods before supply	Goods supplied to*	Location of recipient	Place of supply
1	Thailand	Thailand	Assam	Assam	Assam
2	China	China	Kashmir	Haryana	Kashmir
3	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Kerala	Kerala	Kerala
4	Karnataka	Iran	Dubai	Karnataka	Not an import

Section 11(b): Export of goods

Case	Location of supplier	Location of goods	Goods supplied to	Location of recipient	Place of supply
1	Assam	Assam	Thailand	Assam	Thailand
2	Tamil Nadu	Kashmir	China	Texas	China
3	Sri Lanka	Kerala	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka
4	Maharashtra	Dubai	Iran	Iran	Not an export

^{*} address of delivery of goods as per bill of entry

Place of Supply of Services – Sec 13 IGST (where supplier or recipient is outside India)

Transportat Service by Banking services to ion of goods way of account holders. Services when goods (other than Services admissi intermediary required to be made supplied by way of on to / services, hiring of **physically** available directly in mail / organisi means of transport by recipient or courier) relation to ng an (other than aircraft requiring physical immovable event, etc. and vessels) upto 1 **presence** of receiver and property month ancillary / person acting on services his behalf Location of Location such Place where where immovable the event is Location of Destination services property (or actually supplier of the goods actually where it is held performed intended to be located)

1 to 3 \rightarrow When supplied at >1 location (including India) \rightarrow Deemed location in India. When supplied from >1 state / UT \rightarrow In proportion to the value of services

Place of Supply of Services – Sec 13 IGST (where supplier or recipient is outside India)

Passenger transportation service

Place where passenger embarks on the conveyance for a continuous journey

Service provided on board a conveyance

First scheduled point of departure of that conveyance for that journey Online information and database access or retrieval services

Location of recipient

Residuary

Location of the recipient;

If not available in the ordinary course of business, location of supplier To prevent double taxation / non-taxation, or for the uniform application of rules, CG has power to notify services/circumstances

Place of effective use and enjoyment of a service

Aadhar Authentication/e-KYC for Existing Taxpayers

Mandatory Aadhar Authentication in certain cases - Rule 10B of the CGST Rules, 2017 -

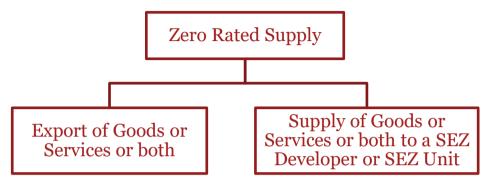
The Central Government has brought into effect the provisions of Finance Act, 2021 effective from 1st January, 2022 which includes mandatory Aadhaar Authentication through Finance Bill,2021. Accordingly, CGST Act, CGST Rules and IGST Act, 2017 has been amended.

<u>Export invoices shall not be transmitted by GST System to ICEGATE for further processing if</u> authentication of Aadhar/e-KYC documents not uploaded.

The eligible invoices, having complete SB/Port details, are transmitted by the GST System only if Aadhaar is successfully authenticated.

- a. Filing of application for revocation of cancellation of registration in Form GST REG-21 under Rule 23;
- b. filing of refund application in Form RFD-01 under rule 89
- c. refund under Rule 96 of the integrated tax (IGST) paid on goods exported out of India

Zero Rated Supply - Sec 16



Zero rated supplies are allowed free of any taxes. Such supplies are made free of taxes both at the input and output side. This is achieved by **the following options**:

- Allowing credit on input supplies used for Zero rated supplies. Supply of goods of services or both under Bond/ LTU without payment of tax.; or
- Allowing credit on input supplies used for Zero rated supplies. Supply of good or services or both on payment of IGST and refund of full IGST paid.

Zero Rated Supply – Definition – Sec 16

"Zero rated supply" means any of the following supplies of goods or services or both, namely:

- (a) export of goods or services or both; or
- (b) supply of goods or services or both <u>for Authorized Operations</u> (inserted in Jan 2022) to a Special Economic Zone developer or a Special Economic Zone unit.

Continued

Zero Rated Supply – Definition – Sec 16

"(3) A registered person making zero rated supply shall be eligible to claim refund of unutilised input tax credit on supply of goods or services or both, without payment of integrated tax, under bond or Letter of Undertaking, in accordance with the provisions of section 54 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act or the rules made thereunder, subject to such conditions, safeguards and procedure as may be prescribed:

Provided that the registered person making zero rated supply of goods shall, <u>in case of non-realisation of sale proceeds</u>, <u>be liable to deposit the refund so received under this sub-section along with the applicable interest under section 50 of the Central Goods and Services Tax Act within thirty days after the expiry of the time limit prescribed under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 for receipt of foreign exchange remittances, in such manner as may be prescribed.</u>

Amended wef 1st Jan 2022

CGST)

Relevant	Section/ Rules (CGST)				
Sections Rules					
 Sections 54. Refund of tax 55. Refund in certain cases 56. Interest on delayed refunds 57. Consumer Welfare Fund 58. Utilisation of Fund Other Relevant Sections 33. Tax to be indicated in tax invoice 57. Consumer Welfare Fund 49. Payment of tax, interest, penalty etc. 39 Furnishing of returns 77. Tax wrongfully collected and paid 	 89. Application for refund of the fees or any other amount 90. Acknowledgement 91. Grant of provisional refunction 92. Order sanctioning refund 93. Credit of the amount of refunction 94. Order sanctioning interest 95. Refund of tax to certain posterices exported out of Indian 96A. Refund of integrated tax goods or services under bond Undertaking 				
	 97. Consumer Welfare Fund 				

efund of tax, interest, penalty, mount ent

onal refund

ng refund

nount of rejected refund claim ng interest on delayed refunds

certain persons rated tax paid on goods or out of India

grated tax paid on export of inder bond or Letter of

14 97A. Manual filing and processing

Eligibility for Refund

Refund can be filed for:

- > Zero rated supplies made without payment of tax
- Where the credit has accumulated on account of rate of tax on inputs being higher than the rate of tax on output supplies

Refund can be filed by following:

- 1. A specialized agency of the United Nations Organization or
- 2. Any Multilateral Financial Institution and Organization notified under the United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act, 1947,
- 3. Consulate or Embassy of foreign countries or
- 4. Any other person or class of persons as notified under section 55.

In terms of Notification No. 55/2017 the refunds may be filed manually and the processing of refund with respect to any notice, reply or order, among others, can also be issued / filed manually. Prior to this, only online applications were allowed

Refund that may be filed on GSTN Portal

- a. Refund of unutilized ITC on account of **exports without payment of tax**;
- b. Refund of tax paid on export of services with payment of tax;
 c. Refund of unutilized ITC for supplies made to SEZ (Unit/Developer)
- d. Refund of tax paid on supplies made to **SEZ Unit/SEZ Developer** with **payment** of tax;
- e. Refund of unutilized ITC on account of accumulation due to inverted tax structure;
 f. Refund to supplier of tax paid on deemed export supplies;
- g. Refund to **recipient** of tax paid on **deemed export supplies**;
- h. Refund of excess balance in the electronic cash ledger;
- i. Refund of **excess payment of tax**;

without payment of tax;

k.

j. Refund of tax paid on intra-State supply which is subsequently held to be inter-State supply and vice versa;

Refund on account of assessment/provisional assessment/appeal/any

- other order;

 Refund on account of "any other" ground or reason
- 1. Refund on account of "any other" ground or reason

Refund that may be filed on GSTN Portal

elect the R	Refund type:	C
		• Indicates Mandatory Fields
	Refund of Excess Balance in Electronic Cash Ledger	
	Refund of ITC on Export of Goods & Services without Payment of Tax	
	On account of supplies made to SEZ unit/ SEZ developer (without payment of tax)	
	Refund on account of ITC accumulated due to Inverted Tax Structure	
	On account of Refund by Recipient of deemed export	
	Refund on account of Supplies to SEZ unit/ SEZ Developer (with payment of tax)	
	Export of services with payment of tax	
	Tax paid on an intra-State supply which is subsequently held to be inter-State supply and vice versa	
	On account of Refund by Supplier of deemed export	
	Any other (specify)	
	Excess payment of tax	
	On Account of Assessment/Provisional Assessment/Appeal/Any other order	

Refund forms

SI No.	Form No	Particulars	Time limit
1	RFD 1	Refund Application	Within 2 years from relevant date.
2	RFD 2	Acknowledgement	Within 15 days from date of application. Immediate in case of refund from electronic ledger.
3	RFD 3	Notice of deficiency on Application for Refund	Within 15 days from the date of application.
4	RFD 4	Provisional Refund Sanction Order	Within seven days from the date of acknowledgement
5	RFD 5	Refund Sanction or part sanctioned	90 days from the date of refund application.
6	RFD 6	Order for Complete Adjustment of claimed refund against past demand	90 days from the date of refund application.
7	RFD 7	SCN rejecting refund application	
8	RFD 8	Payment Advice	Immediately after RFD 4.
9	RFD 9	Order for interest on delayed Payments	
10	RFD 10	Refund Application form Specified category	Quarterly

Relevant date for refund application

Situation	Relevant date		
Refund is in respect of goods exported (or on inputs/ input services used in such goods)			
i. By sea	Date on which the chip or the aircraft in which such goods are leaded. Issues In		
ii. By Air	Date on which the ship or the aircraft in which such goods are loaded, leaves India		
iii. By land	Date on which such goods pass the frontier		
iv. By post	Date of dispatch of goods by the concerned	Post Office to a place outside India	
Refund in respect of deemed exports	Date on which the return relating to such de-	emed exports is filed.	
Refund is in respect of services exported (or on inputs/	Where supply of service completed prior to receipt of payment	Date of receipt of payment in convertible foreign exchange	
input services used in such services)	Where payment for service received in advance	Date of issue of Invoice	
Tax becomes refundable as a consequence of: (i) Judgment (ii) Decree (iii) Order (iv) Direction of Appellate Authority, Appellate Tribunal or any Court	Date of communication of such judgment, decree, order or direction		
Refund of unutilized input tax credit	End of the financial year in which such claim for refund arises		
Tax is paid provisionally under this Act or the rules made there under	Date of adjustment of tax after the final assessment thereof.		
In case of a person other than the supplier	Date of receipt of goods or services by such person		
In any other case	Date of payment of GST		

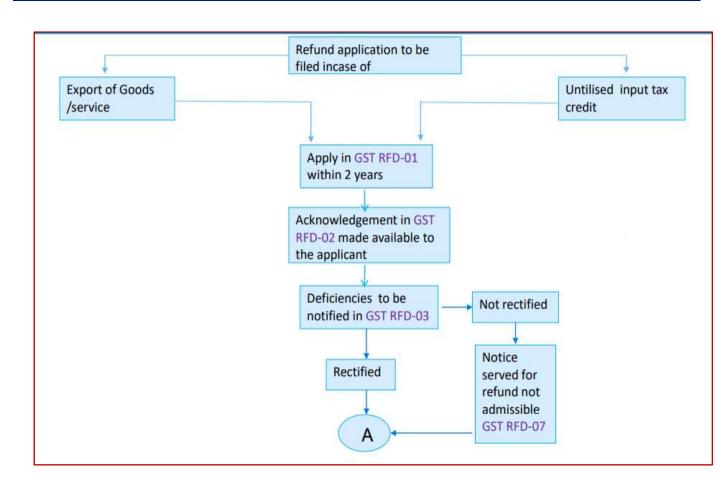
Extension of period of 2 years for refund application

Exclusion of time from the date of filing refund claim to the time of communication of deficiencies for period of two year – Insertion of new provision to Rule 90 (3) of the CGST Rules, 2017 - CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021 dated 18th May, 2021

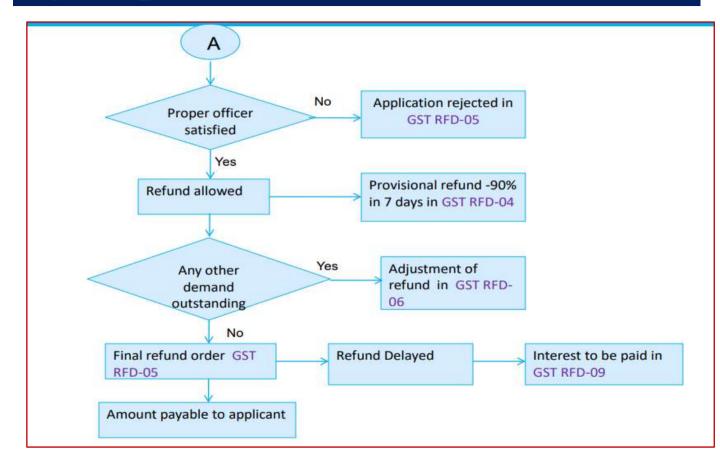
The time period, from the date of filing of the refund claim in **FORM GST RFD-01** till the date of communication of the deficiencies in **FORM GST RFD-03**, shall be <u>excluded from</u> the period of two years, for any fresh refund claim filed after rectification of the deficiencies.

This is a welcome move brought in by CBIC. Earlier the period of filing of GST refund and date of communication of deficiencies was included in the time limit of 2 years. Hence, in case at the time of communication of deficiency, the 2 year period gets over, the claim was rejected.

Refund procedure

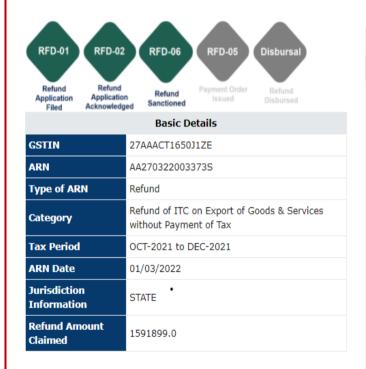


Refund procedure



Refund processing dashboard -

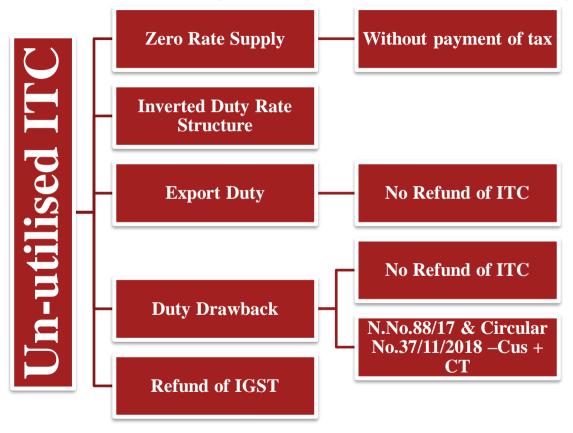
Detailed Status: Show Detailed status of Refund ARN



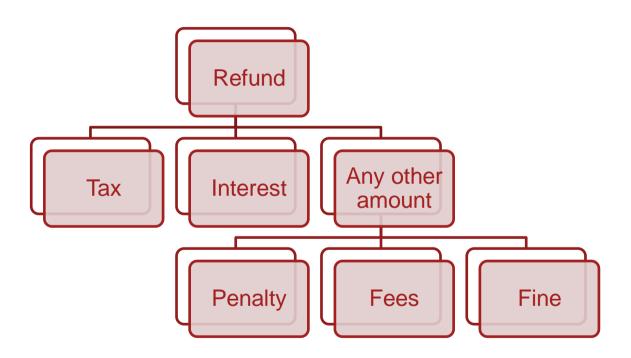
Case History						
Action	Date	Action By	Document Reference Number			
Bank Account Details sent to PFMS for validation	17/07/2021	GST System	NA			
Bank Account validated by PFMS	22/07/2021	PFMS	NA			
Refund Application filed in RFD-01	01/03/2022	Taxpayer	NA			
Acknowledgement issued in RFD-02	09/03/2022	TaxOfficer	ZD270322029531R			
Show Cause Notice Issued in RFD-08	13/04/2022	TaxOfficer	ZD270422027673H			
Reply to SCN given in RFD-09- Pending for Order	13/04/2022	Taxpayer	ZD270422027673H			
Refund Partially Sanctioned in RFD-06	20/04/2022	TaxOfficer	ZD2704220426700			
PMT-03 Undertaking has been submitted	02/05/2022	Taxpayer	ZD270522003047U			

PMT03 Undertaking has been submitted. Kindly wait for the issuance of PMT-03 by Tax Officer for re-crediting the amount to Credit/Cash Ledger, if applicable.

Situations when refund of unutilised ITC is given



What may be refunded?



Refund computation formula (Accumulated ITC)

In case of Accumulated ITC -

Refund Amount = (Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods + Turnover of zero-rated supply of services) x Net ITC ÷ Adjusted Total Turnover

on *inputs and input services* during the relevant period other than the input tax credit availed for which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both

Refund computation formula (Inverted Duty) -

Maximum Refund Amount = {(Turnover of inverted rated supply of goods and services) x Net ITC ÷ Adjusted Total Turnover} - tax payable on such inverted rated supply of goods and services

Adjusted Total Turnover [Rule 89 (4) (E) of the CGST Rules, 2017] means the sum total of the value of-

- (a) the turnover in a State or a UT, as defined u/s 2 (112), excluding the turnover of services; and (b) the turnover of zero-rated supply of services determined in terms of clause (D) above and non-zero-rated supply of services, excluding-
- (i) the value of exempt supplies other than zero-rated supplies; and
- (ii) the turnover of supplies in respect of which refund is claimed under subrule (4A) or sub-rule (4B) or both, if any

Net ITC shall mean *input tax credit availed on inputs* during the relevant period other than the input tax credit availed for which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both [Explanation to Rule 89(5)]

provisional Refund for zero rated supplies

- ➤GST law also provides for grant of <u>provisional refund of 90%</u> of the total refund claim, in case the claim relates for refund arising on account of zero rated supplies.
- ➤The provisional refund would be <u>paid within 7 days</u> after giving the acknowledgement.
- The acknowledgement of refund application is normally issued within a <u>period of 14 days</u> but in case of refund of integrated tax paid on zero rated supplies, the acknowledgement would be issued within a <u>period of 3 days</u>

Acknowledgement and Deficiency Memo

- Where application relates to a claim for refund from the electronic cash ledger An acknowledgement in FORM GST RFD-02 shall be made available, clearly indicating the date of filing of the claim for refund. Time period of 60 days for passing an order by proper officer shall be counted from such date of filing.
- The application for refund, other than claim for refund from electronic cash ledger To be forwarded to the proper officer who shall, who shall scrutinize it within a period of fifteen days for its completeness, and if found in order, an acknowledgement in FORM GST RFD-02 shall be made available
- Where any deficiencies are noticed, the proper officer shall
 communicate the deficiencies to the applicant in FORM GST
 RFD-03 through the common portal electronically, requiring him
 to file a fresh refund application after rectification of such
 deficiencies.

Withholding of Refund

In case of claim of **refund of accumulated input tax credit**, the refund due will be either withheld or deducted in cases where –

- A person defaults in furnishing any return;
- A person is required to pay any tax, interest or penalty ordered, which is not stayed by Court or Appellate Authority within the last date for filing an appeal under this act.

Withholding of Refund

In case of claim of **refund against payment of IGST**, the refund shall be withheld where, -

- a request has been received from the jurisdictional Commissioner to withhold the payment of refund; or the proper officer of Customs determines that the goods were exported in violation of the provisions of the Customs Act, 1962.
- the proper officer of integrated tax at the Customs station shall intimate the applicant and the jurisdictional Commissioner, and a copy of such intimation shall be transmitted to the common portal
- the proper officer shall pass an order in Part B of FORM GST RFD-07
- Where the applicant becomes entitled to refund of the amount withheld, the concerned jurisdictional officer shall proceed to refund the amount after passing an order in FORM GST RFD-06.

Order for Release of Refund Amount withheld - Insertion of new provision to Rule 92 (2) of the CGST Rules, 2017 – CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021 dated 18th May, 2021

If the proper officer or the Commissioner is satisfied that the refund is **no longer liable to be withheld**, he may pass an order for release of withheld refund in Part B of FORM GST
RFD- 07

Withdrawal of Refund Appl and recredit of amount

<u>Withdrawal of refund application – Insertion of sub rule 5 in Rule 90 of the CGST Rules, 2017 - CGST</u> (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021 dated 18th May, 2021

The refund applicant which is filed (in FORM GST RFD-01) be withdrawn at any time before -

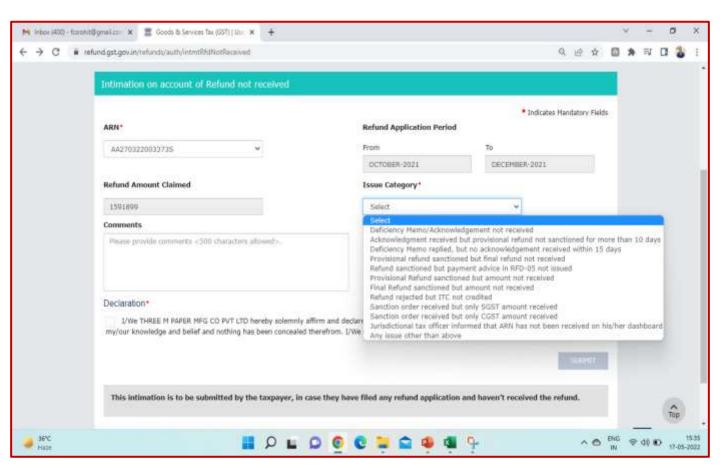
- a. issuance of provisional refund sanction order (in FORM GST RFD-04); or
- b. final refund sanction order (in FORM GST RFD-06); or
- c. payment order (in FORM GST RFD-05); or
- d. refund withhold order (in FORM GST RFD-07); or
- e. notice (in FORM GST RFD-08)

by filing an application in **FORM GST RFD-01W**.

Recredit of the amount debited from Electronic Credit/Cash Ledger - Insertion of sub rule 6 in Rule 90 of the CGST Rules, 2017 - CGST (Fourth Amendment) Rules, 2021 dated 18th May, 2021

Once the application for withdrawal of refund in FORM GST RFD-01W is submitted, any amount debited from electronic credit ledger or electronic cash ledger, shall be credited back to the Electronic Credit/Cash ledger

If refund is not credited to Bank post approval -



Refund Pre-Application Form

What is Refund Pre-Application Form?

Refund Pre-Application is a form, which need to be submitted by the taxpayers to provide certain information related to nature of business, Aadhaar Number, Income Tax details, export data, expenditure and investment etc.

What details are captured in Refund Pre-Application Form?

Below details are captured in Refund Pre-Application Form:

- 1. Nature of Business
- 2. Date of Issue of IEC (Only for Exporters)
- 3. Aadhaar Number of Primary Authorized Signatory
- 4. Value of Exports made in the Financial Year 2019-2020 (till date) (Only for Exporter)
- 5. Income tax paid in Financial Year 2018-2019
- 6. Advance tax paid in Financial Year 2019-2020 (till date)
- 7. Capital Expenditure and investment made in Financial Year 2018-2019

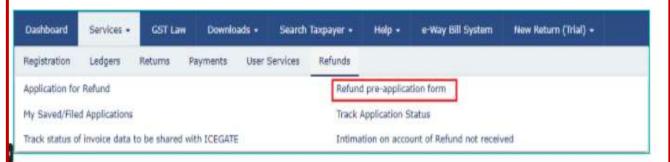
How can I submit Refund Pre-Application Form?

Navigate to **Services** > **Refunds** > **Refund pre-application Form** option to submit Refund Pre-Application Form.

I have already submitted the Refund Pre-Application Form. I want to revise it now. Can I do so? Once submitted, the Refund Pre-Application Form cannot be edited, revised or re-submitted again.

Refund Pre-Application Form

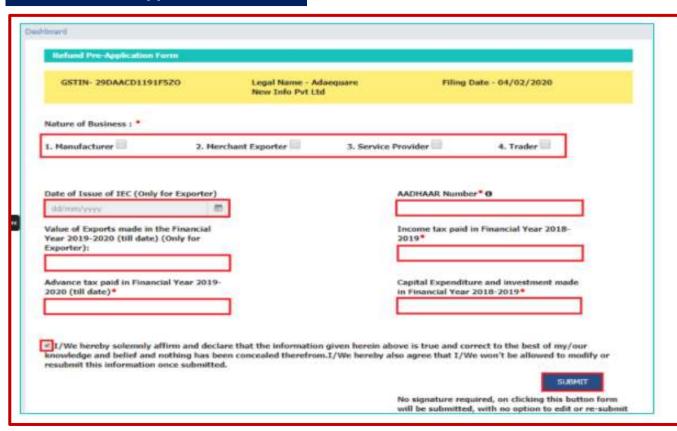
1. Login to the GST Portal. Navigate to Services > Refunds > Refund pre-application Form option.



Note:

- Taxpayer is not required to sign the Refund Pre-Application form.
- · Once the form is submitted, you cannot edit or re-submit the form.

Refund Pre-Application Form



Letter of Undertaking (LUT) for Export of Goods or Services (Form GST RFD 11)

Who has to furnish a Letter of Undertaking?

Any registered person availing the option to supply goods or services for export /SEZs without payment of integrated tax has to furnish, prior to export/SEZs supply, a Letter of Undertaking (LUT), if he has not been prosecuted for tax evasion for an amount of Rs 2.5 Crore or above under the CGST Act/IGST Act/Existing law. Example of transactions for which LUT can be used are:

Zero rated supply to SEZ without payment of IGST.

Export of goods to a country outside India without payment of IGST.

Providing services to a client in a country outside India without payment of IGST.

How can I file LUT?

All registered taxpayers who have zero-rated supply of goods or services have to furnish LUT in Form GST RFD-11 on the GST Portal before affecting such supply. Access the GST portal and login using valid credentials. Navigate to **Services > User Services > Furnish Letter of Undertaking** (**LUT**) command to file LUT.

What is to be filled in LUT?

GSTIN and Name (Legal Name) of the Taxpayer would get prefilled based on login. Taxpayer needs to select the financial year for which LUT is being filed, enter the name, address and occupation details of two independent and reliable witnesses. Taxpayer also needs to select all the points of self-declaration before filing the LUT.

How would I know that the process of furnishing LUT has been completed?

After successful filing, system will generate ARN and acknowledgement. You will be informed about successful filing via SMS and Email and you can also download the acknowledgement as PDF.

Option to file refund application spread across multiple Financial Years

☐ Hon'ble Delhi High Court in Order dated 21.01.2020, in the case of <i>M/s Pitambra Books P</i>	vt
Ltd., has stayed the rigor of paragraph 8 of Circular No. 125/44/2019-GST dated 18.11.201	9.
Hon'ble Delhi High Court further observed that the Circulars can supplant but no	ot
supplement the law.	
☐ CBIC decided to remove the restriction on clubbing of tax periods across Financial Year	s.
Accordingly, circular No. 125/44/2019-GST dated 18.11.2019 was modified to that extent i.	e.
the restriction on bunching of refund claims across financial years shall not apply.	
☐ Giving effect to this modification, GSTN portal has now enabled option to file GST Refund	
Application across multiple financial years	

Option to file refund application spread across multiple Financial Years

Illustration – Earlier taxpayer was only able to file Refund application for a single financial Year – either single application or multiple application for single FY

S.	Refund Period	Financial Year	Filing of Refund prior to enhancement	Filing of Refund post enabling the	
No		for Refund		enhancement	
1	January 2020 to	2019 - 20 and	More than 2 refund applications to be filed	Single refund application can be	
	June 2020	2020-21	(minimum one each for period Jan 2020 to	filed for Jan 2020 to June 2020	
			March 2020 and for April 2020 to June 2020)		



Sample Refund Filing process – Accumulated ITC without payment of IGST



Refund on account of Zero Rated Supplies

- "Zero rated supply" under Section 16 of the IGST Act, 2017 means any of the following supplies of goods or services or both, namely:
- ✓ export of goods or services or both; or
- ✓ supply of goods or services or both to a SEZ Unit or SEZ Developer.

Every person making claim of refund on account of zero rated supplies has two options:

accumulated Input Tax Credit

Either he can export under He may export on payment of Bond/LUT and claim refund of integrated tax and claim refund of thereof as per the provisions of Section 54 of CGST Act. 2017.

Collation of documents/ details for filing refund -

S. No	Details	Source Document
1	Monthly ITC availed	Inward Register and GSTR 3B
2	Zero rated supply Turnover	Export Register and GSTR 1/3B
3	Adjusted Turnover	Outward Register (Sales Register) and GSTR 1/3B
4	Monthly ITC utilised	GSTR 3B for particular month
5	Summary of Net ITC available after Utilisation	GSTR 3B and ITC register
6	Balance of ITC as on date of refund	Electronic Credit Ledger Extract (GSTN Portal)
7	Statement 3 (Rule 89(2) (b) and (c)	Export Invoice No and date, Shipping Bill No & date, EGM No and date, BRC/FIRC No and date.

PART-A: Summary of month wise Input Tax Credit (ITC) availed					
Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total ITC	
Jul-21	19,24,155	9,68,250	9,68,250	38,60,655	
Aug-21	21,97,773	22,78,890	22,78,890	67,55,553	
Sep-21	41,93,807	14,75,874	14,75,874	71,45,555	
Oct-21	68,28,591	22,71,868	22,71,868	1,13,72,327	
Nov-21	94,44,047	19,78,342	19,78,342	1,34,00,731	
Dec-21	98,44,502	18,07,458	18,07,458	1,34,59,418	
Jan-22	59,43,228	18,69,067	18,69,067	96,81,362	
Feb-22	69,43,745	16,47,735	16,47,735	1,02,39,215	
Mar-22	42,18,698	30,06,580	30,06,580	1,02,31,858	
Total	5,15,38,546	1,73,04,064	1,73,04,064	8,61,46,674	

Month	Export Turnover as per GSTR-3B	Export Turnover as per Export Register	Difference
Oct-21	3,25,52,589	3,25,52,589	1
Nov-21	14,44,93,747	14,44,93,747	-
Dec-21	15,40,35,832	15,40,35,832	-
Jan-22	7,10,09,127	7,10,09,127	ı
Feb-22	9,10,97,938	9,10,97,938	-
Mar-22	6,03,43,940	6,03,43,940	-
Total	55,35,33,173	55,35,33,173	-

PART-B: Summary of month wise Zero Rated Supply		PART-C: Summary of month wise Adjusted Turnover		
Month	Zero Rated		Adjusted Turnover	
Jul-21	5,36,22,833	Jul-21	18,08,48,246	
Aug-21	3,03,10,115	Aug-21	24,78,65,688	
Sep-21	6,36,58,792	Sep-21	21,43,25,050	
Oct-21	3,25,52,589	Oct-21	6,02,81,815	
Nov-21	14,44,93,747	Nov-21	16,45,87,545	
Dec-21	15,40,35,832	Dec-21	36,39,83,521	
Jan-22	7,10,09,127	Jan-22	15,70,52,214	
Feb-22	9,10,97,938	Feb-22	24,74,90,807	
Mar-22	6,03,43,940	Mar-22	19,82,30,119	
Total	70,11,24,913	Total	1,83,46,65,005	

PART-D: Computation of Eligible ITC Refund that can be claimed (Computed based on ITC availed*Zero rated supplies/ Adjusted Turnover)

Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total ITC
Jul-21	5,70,526	2,87,093	2,87,093	11,44,713
Aug-21	2,68,753	2,78,673	2,78,673	8,26,099
Sep-21	12,45,644	4,38,364	4,38,364	21,22,372
Oct-21	36,87,485	12,26,824	12,26,824	61,41,134
Nov-21	82,91,063	17,36,815	17,36,815	1,17,64,692
Dec-21	41,66,139	7,64,906	7,64,906	56,95,952
Jan-22	26,87,154	8,45,074	8,45,074	43,77,303
Feb-22	25,55,896	6,06,508	6,06,508	37,68,913
Mar-22	12,84,229	9,15,244	9,15,244	31,14,717
Total	2,47,56,890	70,99,502	70,99,502	3,89,55,893

(Formula = ITC availed*Zero rated supplies/ Adjusted Turnover)

July 2021 – ITC availed – IGST 19,24,155 . ZERO Rated - 5,36,22,833 and Adjusted

Turnover - 18,08,48,246.

Hence Eligible ITC = 19,24,155*5,36,22,833/18,08,48,246

So eligible ITC = 5,70,526 (IGST)

PART-D: Computation of Eligible ITC Refund that can be claimed (Computed based on ITC availed*Zero rated supplies/ Adjusted Turnover)

Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total ITC
Jul-21				
Aug-21				
Sep-21				
Oct-21	Do	It Vo	urse	f
Nov-21	DU		ui SCI	
Dec-21				
Jan-22				
Feb-22				
Mar-22				
Total				

(Formula = ITC availed*Zero rated supplies/ Adjusted Turnover)

July 2021 - ITC availed - IGST 19,24,155 . ZERO Rated - 5,36,22,833 and Adjusted

Turnover - 18,08,48,246.

Hence Eligible ITC = 19,24,155*5,36,22,833/18,08,48,246

So eligible ITC = 5,70,526 (IGST)

PART-E: Summary of month wise Net ITC available after utilisation							
Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total Net ITC			
Jul-21	1	1	1	1			
Aug-21	1	1	1	1			
Sep-21	1	1	1	1			
Oct-21	61,19,533	19,36,559	19,36,559	99,92,651			
Nov-21	1,52,26,456	35,80,879	35,80,879	2,23,88,214			
Dec-21	2,35,94,388	7,84,209	7,84,209	2,51,62,806			
Jan-22	2,81,99,018	11,67,416	11,67,416	3,05,33,850			
Feb-22	3,27,25,678	1,19,959	1,19,959	3,29,65,596			
Mar-22	3,45,59,973	8,38,495	8,38,495	3,62,36,963			

PART-F: Summary of month wise ITC Utilised						
Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total Liability		
Jul-21	19,24,155	9,68,250	9,68,250	38,60,655		
Aug-21	21,97,773	22,78,890	22,78,890	67,55,553		
Sep-21	41,93,807	14,75,874	14,75,874	71,45,555		
Oct-21	7,09,058	3,35,309	3,35,309	13,79,676		
Nov-21	3,37,124	3,34,022	3,34,022	10,05,168		
Dec-21	14,76,570	46,04,128	46,04,128	1,06,84,826		
Jan-22	13,38,598	14,85,860	14,85,860	43,10,318		
Feb-22	24,17,085	26,95,192	26,95,192	78,07,469		
Mar-22	23,84,403	22,88,044	22,88,044	69,60,491		
Total	1,69,78,573	1,64,65,569	1,64,65,569	4,99,09,711		

PART-G: Computation of eligible ITC for Refund (Lowest of net available ITC at the end of the month Vs. Eligible ITC that can be claimed for refund)

Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total Net ITC
Jul-21	-	-	-	-
Aug-21	-	1	1	-
Sep-21	-	1	1	-
Oct-21	36,87,485	12,26,824	12,26,824	61,41,134
Nov-21	82,91,063	17,36,815	17,36,815	1,17,64,692
Dec-21	41,66,139	7,64,906	7,64,906	56,95,952
Jan-22	26,87,154	8,45,074	8,45,074	43,77,303
Feb-22	25,55,896	1,19,959	1,19,959	27,95,814
Mar-22	12,84,229	8,38,495	8,38,495	29,61,219
Total	2,26,71,967	55,32,074	55,32,074	3,37,36,114

Eligible ITC available – Lower of Net ITC available in ECL or Eligible ITC as per formula

Final Refund Figure -

PART-A: Summary of ITC Balance available as on the date of refund application

Particulars	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total ITC Utilised
Current B	5,34,14,452	50,13,991	28,11,710	6,12,40,153
Closing B-Oct	4,97,26,967	37,87,167	15,84,886	5,50,99,019
Closing B-Nov	4,14,35,903	20,50,352	-	4,34,86,256
Closing B-Dec	3,72,69,764	12,85,446	-	3,85,55,210
Closing B-Jan	3,45,82,610	4,40,372	-	3,50,22,982
Closing B-Feb	3,20,26,714	3,20,413	-	3,23,47,127
Closing B-Mar	3,07,42,485	-	-	3,07,42,485

Final Refund Figure -

PART-B: Computation of eigible ITC for Refund (Lowest of net available ITC at the end of the month Vs. Eligible ITC that can be claimed for refund)

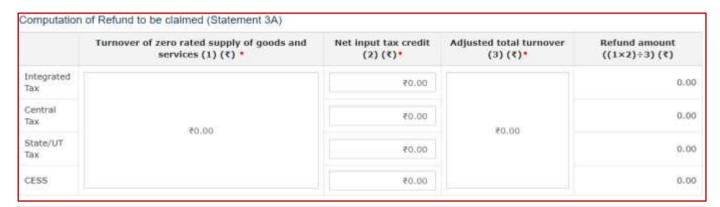
Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total Net ITC
Jul-21	-	-	-	-
Aug-21	-	1	-	-
Sep-21	-	-	-	-
Oct-21	36,87,485	12,26,824	12,26,824	61,41,134
Nov-21	82,91,063	17,36,815	17,36,815	1,17,64,692
Dec-21	41,66,139	7,64,906	7,64,906	56,95,952
Jan-22	26,87,154	8,45,074	8,45,074	43,77,303
Feb-22	25,55,896	1,19,959	1,19,959	27,95,814
Mar-22	12,84,229	8,38,495	8,38,495	29,61,219
Total	2,26,71,967	55,32,074	55,32,074	3,37,36,114

Final Refund Figure -

PART-C: Final ITC that can be claimed for refund (Lowest of ITC computed in Part-B with ITC balance in ECL)

Month	IGST	CGST	SGST	Total Net ITC
Jul-21	-	-	-	-
Aug-21	-	-	-	-
Sep-21	-	-	-	-
Oct-21	36,87,485	12,26,824	12,26,824	61,41,134
Nov-21	82,91,063	17,36,815	15,84,886	1,16,12,764
Dec-21	41,66,139	7,64,906	-	49,31,046
Jan-22	26,87,154	8,45,074	-	35,32,228
Feb-22	25,55,896	1,19,959	-	26,75,855
Mar-22	12,84,229	3,20,413	-	16,04,641
Total	2,26,71,967	50,13,991	28,11,710	3,04,97,668
% of Refund to I	 oe claimed from the	e ITC Balance		49.80%

Refund of ITC on Export of Goods / Services without Payment of IGST



Important Message

- * Please enter the same Turnover of zero rated supply of goods and services (Column 1) under all heads (Integrated, Central, State and Cess).
- * Please enter the same Adjusted total turnover (Column 3) under all heads (Integrated, Central, State and Cess). NOTE "Adjusted Total turnover" means the turnover in a State or a Union territory, as defined underclause (112) of section 2, excluding the value of exempt supplies other than zero-rated supplies, during the relevant period.

Refund application – ECL Debit

Viewing Electronic Credit ledger details from 01/03/2022 to 31/03/2022

Sr. Date No.	Reference No.	Tax	Description	Transaction	Credit / Debit (₹)				
NO.			Period,if any		Type (Debit/ Credit)	Integrated tax (₹)	Central tax	State Tax	Cess
1	-	-	-	Opening Balance		-	-	-	
2	01/03/2022	DI2703220003790	Dec-21	Refund claimed from ITC Ledger	Debit	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,91,899.0
3	19/03/2022	AB270222422543K	Feb-22	ITC accrued through - Inputs	Credit	2,11,87,132.00	59,53,717.00	59,53,717.00	1,76,857.0
4	19/03/2022	DI2703220336167	Feb-22	Other than reverse charge	Debit	1,73,49,625.00	0.00	0.00	0.0
5	-	-	-	Closing Balance	-	-	-	-	

Refund of ITC on Export of Goods / Services without Payment of IGST

	Values as per Statement 3A (₹)	Balance in Electronic Credit Ledger (₹)	Tax Credit Availed during the period (₹)	Eligible amount (Lowest of all) (₹)
Integrated Tax	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Central Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
State/UT Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CESS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Note: The balance in the Electronic Credit Ledger is only for 'Matched ITC'.

Refund Claimed (in ₹)

Head	Integrated Tax (₹)•	Central Tax (₹) •	State/UT Tax (₹) •	CESS (₹)•	Total (₹)•
TAX(ITC)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Refund on account of wrong payment of tax

In case a taxable person has paid integrated tax instead of central tax plus state tax and vice versa because of incorrect application of the place of supply provisions:

Taxable person is required to make appropriate payment of tax, however interest will not be charged for such wrong payment and refund claim for wrong tax paid will be allowed without subjecting it to the provision of unjust enrichment.

Refund of ITC - Inverted Duty Structure

Conditions for filing Claim -

- 1. Filing of GSTR 1 and GSTR 3B for the relevant tax period is complete
- 2. Fill out form RFD 01A on GSTN Portal
- 3. Generate ARN on Portal
- 4. Online submission of Complete application and documents supporting the claim to jurisdictional authority
- 5. Refund to processed and disbursed electronically
- 6. Jurisdiction can be checked from GSTN Portal

Refund of ITC - Inverted Duty Structure

Refund of unutilised Input Tax Credit (ITC) is available to the taxpayers if the rate of tax on inputs is higher than the rate of tax on outputs:

	Turnover of inverted rated supply of goods (1) (ξ)	Tax payable on such inverted rated supply of goods (2) $(\bar{x})^{\bullet}$	Adjusted total turnover (3) (₹)•	Net input tax credit (4) (₹)•	Maximum Refund amount to be claimed (5) [(1×4÷3)-2] (₹)
Integrated Tax	₹0.00	₹0.00	₹0.00	₹0.00	0.00
Central Tax		₹0.00		₹0.00	0.00
State/UT Tax		₹0.00		₹0.00	0.00
CESS		₹0.00		₹0.00	0.00

Refund of ITC - Inverted Duty Structure

	Values as per Statement 1 (₹)	Balance in Electronic Credit Ledger (₹)	Tax Credit Availed during the period (₹)	Eligible amount (Lowest of all) (₹)
Integrated Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Central Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
State/UT Tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
CESS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Note: The l	balance in the Electronic Credit Le med (in ₹)	edger is only for 'Matched ITC'.		
Head	Integrated Tax (₹)•	Central Tax (₹) •	State/UT Tax (₹) •	CESS (₹) Total (₹)•
neau	Integrated rax (x)	CCITIGITIAN (1)	State of Tax (1)	cess (t) rotal (t)

Questions Please

Thank you

Thanks for your Patience and Time

