SEC 206C (1): TAX COLLECTION AT SOURCE (TCS)

Meaning: TCS is the tax collected by the seller from the buyer

When: Earlier of

At the time of debiting of amount payable by buyer

(or)

At the time of receipt of amount

Mode: Cash, DD, cheque, or any other means

For what: The Sale of prescribed goods under section 206C (1)

Purpose: For business purposes and **not** for personal use.

<u>Note:</u> Tax also collected by person who grants lease or a license in respect of parking lot, toll plaza, mine, quarry to another person.

What are the goods prescribed under section 206 C

SECTION 206C: Seller shall collect tax from the buyer at the time of debiting the A/C or receipt of amount of buyer, whichever is earlier.

Nature of Goods	TCS Rates
1.Alcoholic liquor for Human consumption	1%
2.Tendu leaves	5%
3.Timber & any other forest product	2.50%
4.Scrap	1%
5.Minerals being coal, lignite or iron ore	1%
6.Motor vehicles (Note-1) sec 206C(1F)	1%

NOTES:

- 1. TCS in case of motor vehicles is applicable only if consideration is more than RS 10,00,000
- 2. TCS not applicable if buyer is Government, Embassies, consulates, High commissions or institutions notified under united nations Act, 1947
- 3. TCS also applies in case of lease or license of parking lots, toll plaza, mine & quarry TCS rate is 2%. Mine and quarry does not include mine of mineral oil.
- 4. TCS in case of goods prescribed on point No.1-5 not applicable if goods are purchased for personal consumption
- 5. If incorrect PAN furnished by the buyer, then collector shall collect TCS at **Double the rate** specified or 5% whichever is **higher**

CBDT CIRCULAR No.22/2016 RELATING TO TDS

Question I: Whether tax collection at source ('TCS') at the rate of 1% is on sale of Motor Vehicle at retail level or also on sale of motor vehicles by manufacturers to dealers/distributors?

Answer: To bring high value transactions within the tax net, section 206C of the Act has been amended to provide that the seller shall collect the tax at the rate of one per cent from the purchaser on sale of motor vehicle of the value exceeding ten lakh rupees, This is brought to cover all transactions of **retail sales** and accordingly it will not apply on sale of motor vehicles by manufacturers to dealers / distributors,

Question 2: Whether TCS at the rate of 1 % is on sale of Motor Vehicle is applicable only to Luxury Cars?

Answer: No, As per sub section (1F) of Section 206C of the Act the seller shall collect the tax at the rate of one per cent from the purchaser on sale of any motor vehicle of the value exceeding ten lakh rupees,

Question 3: Whether TCS at the rate of 1 % is applicable in the case of sale to Government Departments, Embassies, Consulates and United Nation Institutions for sale of motor vehicle or any other goods or provision of services?

Answer: Government, institutions notified under United Nations (Privileges and Immunities) Act 1947, and Embassies, Consulates, High Commission, Legation, Commission and trade representation of a foreign State and shall not be liable to levy of TCS at the rate of 1 % under subsection (1F) of section 206 C of the Act.

Question 4: Whether TCS is applicable on each sale of motor vehicle or on aggregate value of sale during the year?

Answer: Tax is to be collected at source at the rate of 1 % on sale consideration of a motor vehicle exceeding ten lakh rupees. It is applicable to each sale and not to aggregate value of sale made during the year.

Question 5: whether TCS at the rate of 1 % on sale of motor vehicle is applicable in case of an individual?

Answer: The definition of "Seller" as given in clause (c) of the Explanation below subsection Accordingly, an individual who is liable to audit as per the provisions of section 44AB of the Act during the financial year immediately preceding the financial year in which the motor vehicle is sold shall be liable for collection of tax at source on sale of motor vehicle by him.

SEC 206C (1G): TCS ON REMITTANCE OUTSIDE INDIA OR SALE OF TOUR PACKAGE

- 1. In case of authorized dealer, who receives an amount of more than 7,00,000 in the PY from a buyer who remitting such amount out of India under the liberalized remittance scheme (LRS) of the RBI then he is required to collect TCS @5% in excess of 7,00,000.
- 2. In case of sale of an overseas tour program package (OTPP), seller receives any amount from the buyer, he is required to collect TCS @5%

Note:

If remitted amount is out of educational loan taken from financial institution, then TCS rate shall be 0.50% instead of TCS @ 5%

NOTES:

"OTPP" means any tour package which offers visit to a country or countries
or territory or territories outside India and includes expenses for travel or
hotel stay or boarding or lodging or any other expenditure of similar nature
or in relation thereto

- 2. Above section is not applicable if buyer is
 - A) Liable to deduct TDS under IT Act and deducted the same
 - B) CG, SG, an embassy, High commission, Legation, commission, consulate, the trade representation of a foreign state, a local authority or any notified person.

EXAMPLE-1

1. On 10/12/2020 Mr X wants to transfer 10,00,000 to USA through AB LTD an authorized dealer under LRS scheme of RBI.

Solution: In this case AB LTD required to collect TCS from Mr X @5% of 3,00,000 i.e., Rs 15,000

2. Suppose in case-1 Mr X wants to transfer only 5,00,000 instead of 10,00,000.

Solution: In this case, TCS NOT applicable as it applies only if amount is more than Rs 7,00,000

3. Suppose in case-1, Mr X wants to transfer 10,00,000 on 1/07/2020 instead of 10/12/2020

Solution: In this case TCS NOT applicable as this sec applicable only w.e.f. 1/10/2020

4. Suppose in case-1, Mr X not submitted PAN/AADHAR to AB ltd **Solution**: In this case TCS applicable @ 10% of 3,00,000 i.e. 30,000

 Suppose in case-1, Mr X takes an education loan for, IDFC First bank for his sons higher education outside India, 10,00,000 remitted through AB LTD ON 10/12/20

Solution: In this case TCS applicable @0.5% of 3,00,000 i.e 1500

6. Suppose in case-1 Mr X, remitted 5,00,000 through AB LTD and 5,00,000 through JJ LTD

Solution: In this case TCS not applicable as dealer not received amount of more than Rs 7,00,000

EXAMPLE-7:

Mr. D purchased Singapore tour package from the Thomas cook for 2,50,000 on 16/04/2022

Solution: In this case Thomas cook required to collect TCS @ 5% OF 2,50,000 i.e. 12,500

EXAMPLE-3:

Suppose in example 2 Mr. D deducted TDS of Thomas Cook u/s 194C.

Solution: If TDS deducted under any provisions of IT then TCS not apply u/s 206C(1G)

SOME RELEVANT NOTES TO TDS:

1. CIRCULAR NO. 23/2017:

The board hereby declares that wherever in terms of the agreement or contract between the payer and the payee, the component of GST on services comprised in the amount payable to a resident is indicated separately, tax shall be deducted at the source under chapter XVII-B of the act pn the amount paid or payable without including such GST on services component.

- 2. NO TDS if payee is CG, SG, RBI, statutory corp, any mutual fund
- 3. Where total income or receipt of the income is not liable to tax or taxable at lower rates, then he can apply to A.O to issue a certificate for no deduction/lower deduction of TDS. In such a case payer shall deduct TDS as per rate u/s 197
- **4.** Where income of the Assessee is less than the basic exemption, then in case of sec 192A/193/194A/194DA/194I, assesse can give a self-declaration in form no 15G/H to payer fro non-deduction of TDS. If income is more than basic exemption limit, this section is not applicable.

Example: Rent received by Mr kunal is 3,00,000 & he invested 1,20,000 u/s 80C. Now his NTI is less than basic exemption, Tax payable is NIL, now in this case, kunal cannot furnish declaration u/s 15G

FORM 15H FOR SENIOR CITIZEN: CBDT Notification payer shall accept the declaration in a case where income of the assesse, who is eligible for rebate of income tax u/s 87A, is higher than the basic Exemption limit, but his tax liability shall be nil after taking into account the rebate available to him under the said section 87A

5. In case the provisions of section 193, 194, 194A,194C, 194D, 194DA, 194EE, 194F, 194G, 194H, 194I, 194 IA, 194IB, 194IC, 194J, 194K, 194LBA(1)- Payment to resident, 194LBB(i)- Payment to Resident, 194LBC(1)- Payment to resident, 194M and 194 O require deduction of TDS during the period 14/05/20 to the 31/0/21, then the deduction of TDS shall be made at the rate being 3/4th of the rate specified in these sections

DUE DATES OF PAYMENT OF TDS & TCS:

If TDS deducted,

During APR-FEB of FY = 7th of the next month

During March month = 30th APRIL of next FY

DUE DATE OF TDS / TCS return:

QUARTER ENDED	TDS RETURN DUE	TCS RETURN DUE
	DATE	DATE
30 TH JUNE	31ST JULY	15 TH JULY
30 TH SEPT	31 ST OCT	15 TH OCT
31 ST DEC	31 ST JAN	15 TH JAN
31 ST MAR	31 ST MAY	15 TH MAY

Thanking You,

CA CMA Kedarnath