

MODEL QUESTION PAPER

TERM – JUNE 2024 SYLLABUS 2022

SET - 1

PAPER – 17

COST AND MANAGEMENT AUDIT

Full Marks: 100

 $[15 \times 2 = 30]$

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

The figures in the margin on the right side indicate full marks.

SECTION – A (Compulsory)

1.(a) Choose the correct option:

- (i) A Cost Accountant who fails to comply with the provisions of sub-section (12) of Sec. 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, shall be punishable with fine of maximum _____.
 - A. ₹5.00 lakhs
 - B. ₹25.00 lakhs
 - C. ₹1.00 lakhs
 - D. ₹10.00 lakhs
- (ii) Which one of the below is not a regulated industry?
 - A. Telecommunication
 - B. Electricity
 - C. Drugs & Pharmaceuticals
 - D. Automobile
- (iii) The Cost Auditing Standard which deals with Knowledge of business, its processes and the business environment:
 - A. 101
 - B. 102
 - C. 103
 - D. 104
- (iv) CAS 9 deals with:
 - A. Direct Expenses
 - B. Pollution Control Cost
 - C. Packing Material Cost
 - D. Employee Cost
- (v) Which of the following is not a forming part of Cost of transportation?
 - A. Cost of transport
 - B. Transit insurance
 - C. Demurrage Charge
 - D. Local Octroi charges
- (vi) Under the Generally Accepted Cost Accounting Principles, the cost of cane supplied from own farm to the sugar mill is treated as:
 - A. Direct Material Cost
 - B. Indirect Material Cost
 - C. Production Overhead
 - D. Production Overhead



MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SET - 1 TERM – JUNE 2024 SYLLABUS 2022

PAPER – 17

COST AND MANAGEMENT AUDIT

- (vii) Which of the following is not part of the Employee Cost as per CAS-7?
 - A. Leave with Pay
 - B. Medical benefits to the Employees and dependents
 - C. Compensation for Lay off period
 - D. Cost of Employees' stock option
- (viii) Co-operative Auditor has to examine the overdue debts if any, and a valuation of the assets and liabilities of the society while conducting an internal audit as per:
 - A. Section 17(3) of the Cooperative Societies Act, 1912
 - B. Section 17(2) of the Cooperative Societies Act, 1912
 - C. Section 17(5) of the Cooperative Societies Act, 1912
 - D. Section 37(2) of the Cooperative Societies Act, 1912
- (ix) Aspects may be taken into consideration for proper inventory control
 - A. Maximum, minimum and reorder level fixation.
 - B. Fixed order quantity system and different replenishment systems.
 - C. Fast-moving, slow-moving and non-moving analysis, etc.
 - D. All of the above
- (x) As per section 5 of PMLA Act, 2002, the property can be provisionally attached for a period not exceeding _____ from the date of the order.
 - A. 60 days
 - B. 90 days
 - C. 120 days)
 - D. 180 days

(b) Following data available from product wise profitability statement:

Particulars	₹ Per Unit
Sale	100000
Raw Material	50000
Utilities	15000
Packing Material	5000
Employee Cost	5000
Consumable Stores	4000
Repair Expenses	3000
Depreciation	5000
Insurance	1000
Overheads	2000

- (i) What is the variable cost of the product?
 - A. ₹ 50000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - B. ₹ 60000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - C. ₹ 70000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - D. ₹80000 Per Unit of Finished Product



MODEL QUESTION PAPER

SET - 1 TERM – JUNE 2024 SYLLABUS 2022

PAPER – 17 COST AND MANAGEMENT AUDIT

- (ii) What is the Fixed cost of the product
 - A. ₹ 10000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - B. ₹20000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - C. ₹25000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - D. ₹ 30000 Per Unit of Finished Product
- (iii) What is the Contribution of the product
 - A. ₹ 10000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - B. ₹20000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - C. ₹25000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - D. ₹ 30000 Per Unit of Finished Product
- (iv) What is the Profitability of the product
 - A. ₹ 10000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - B. ₹20000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - C. ₹25000 Per Unit of Finished Product
 - D. ₹ 30000 Per Unit of Finished Product
- (v) What is Raw Material Cost as % of Total Cost
 - A. 54.56
 - B. 55.56
 - C. 56.56
 - D. 57.56

SECTION – B

(Answer any five questions out of seven questions given. Each question carries 14 Marks)	[5x14=70]

- 2. (a) How cost information helps the organization and management? [7]
 (b) Discuss about the applicability for Cost Audit. [7]
 3. (a) As per Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, explain the duties of a Cost Auditor to report fraud. [7]
 - (b) Classify the contents of Cost Audit Documentation.
- 4. (a) Standard Material requirement to produce 1000 units of product X is 1200 units of material at a standard price of ₹ 60 per unit. The Standard allows for reject of 25% of input. It is estimated that one third of rejects can be reworked at an additional cost of ₹ 20 per unit. Scrap units can be sold at ₹ 5 per unit.

During a particular period, units produced were 19500 with 24000 units of materials at standard cost of ₹ 60 per unit, 7000 units were rejected out of which 2500 units were reworked at a cost of ₹ 51,000. The balance units were sold as scrap for ₹ 5 per unit. Calculate Material Quality Variance and Scrap Variance. [7]

(b) A plant operates 3 shifts of 8 hours each for all days except Sundays and 8 holidays.

Directorate of Studies, The Institute of Cost Accountants of India

[7]



MODEL QUESTION PAPER

PAPER – 17

SYLLABUS 2022

COST AND MANAGEMENT AUDIT

		Preventive maintenance is taken care in Sundays and annual maintenance in 8 hoildays.		
		Normal idle time for food, shift change and other work for the workers is 1 hour per shift.		
		Installed Capacity of the machine = 1200 units per hour.		
		Production during last 5 years & Current year are 69.4, 72.6, 71.4, 70.5, 70.8, 69.9 lakh units		
		Determine according to CAS 2, Installed capacity, Actual capacity, Idle capacity, Abnormal idle capacity. [7]		
5.	(a)	The Financial Profit and Loss of M/s. VGM Manufacturing company Ltd. for the year is ₹28,75,000. During the course of cost audit, it is noticed the followings:		
		(i) Some Old assets sold off which fetched a profit of ₹ 1,25,000		
		(ii) Interest was received amounting to ₹45,000 from outside the business investment.		
		 (iii) Work-in-progress valuation for financial accounts does not as a practice take into acc factory overhead. Factory overhead is ₹ 2,15,000 in opening W-I-P and ₹ 2,45,000 in clo W-I-P. 		
		(iv) The Company was engaged in Trading activity by purchasing goods of ₹ 11,15,845 selling at ₹ 13,12,850 after incurring ₹ 35,000 as expenditure.	and	
		 (v) A major overhaul of machinery was carried out at a cost of ₹ 5,50,000 and next such over will be done only after five years. 	rhaul	
		(vi) Opening stock of raw material and finished goods was overvalued for ₹2,00,000 and clostock was overvalued ₹1,85,000 in financial records.	osing	
		Work out the profit as per Cost Accounts.	[7]	
	(b)	Describe the constituents of Forensic Audit.	[7]	
6.	(a)	Describe how money laundering works.	[7]	
	(b)	Explain the procedure of Management Audit.	[7]	
7.	(a)	Identify the major elements of Corporate Image.	[7]	
	(b)	Briefly discuss the approaches for developing Manpower Planning.	[7]	
8.	(a)	Mention the contents of Audit Note Book.	[7]	
	(b)	Explain the basic standards which are required to be set for Government Expenditure Audit.	[7]	