

PAPER - 1

FUNDAMENTALS OF BUSINESS LAWS AND BUSINESS COMMUNICATION

Time Allowed: 1 Hour

Full Marks: 100

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

1.		general rule of Sale of Goods Act is, risk prima facie passes with					
	(a)	Ownership	0				
	(b)	Possession	0				
	(c)	Delivery	0				
	(d)	Custody	0				
2.	When goods are physically handed over by the seller to the buyer what does it						
	call?						
	(a)	Symbolic	0				
	(b)	Actual	0				
	(c)	Constructive	0				
	(d)	None of the above	0				
3.	Which of the following is/are type/s of Quasi-Contracts?						
	(a)	Payment by an interested person (Sec 69)					
	(b)	Responsibility of finder of goods (Sec 71)					
	(c)	Money paid by mistake or under coercion (Sec 72)					
	(d)	None of the above	0				
4.	Which Article of the Constitution of India empowers the legislature to make laws?						
	(a)	Article 12	0				
	(b)	Article 243	0				
	(c)	Article 141	0				
	(d)	Article 245	0				
5.	Law	is a of rules.					
	(a)	book	0				
	(b)	set					
	(c)	combination					
	(d)	none of the above	0				
6.		term 'Negotiable instrument' is defined in the Negotiable Instruments Act, I, under section					



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	(a)	12	0
	(b)	13	0
	(c)	13A	0
	(d)	2(d)	0
7			
7.		parties are involved in a Bill of exchange.	
	(a)	Two	0
	(b)	Six	0
	(c)	Three	0
	(d)	Four	0
8.	Who	among the following cannot cross a cheque?	
	(a)	Drawer	0
	(b)	Holder	0
	(c)	Banker	0
	(d)	Foreigner	0
	XX 7 •.		
9.		ing isin nature?	
	(a)	Personal	0
	(b)	Impersonal	0
	(c)	Neutral	0
	(d)	Both (a) and (b)	0
10.	Busi	ness communications help in establishing when	
	marl	ceting?	
	(a)	Professionalism	0
	(b)	Rudeness	0
	(c)	Negativity	0
	(d)	Casualness	0
11.	The	Supreme Court of India can review its own orders or judgments under	
		cle	
	(a)	137	0
	(b)	127	0
	(c)	136	0
	(d)	135	0
12.	Wha	t are the sources of law?	



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	(a)	Constitution of India	0					
	(b)	Constitution of India, judicial precedents, customary laws, statutes and	0					
		ordinance						
	(c)	Statutes enacted by the Parliament of India and State Legislatures	0					
	(d)	Religion	0					
13.	Whi	ch of the following is/are important function/s of IRDA?						
	(a)	Levying charges and fees as per the IRDA act	0					
	(b)	Regulating and controlling the insurance premium rates, terms and	0					
		conditions and other benefits offered by insurers						
	(c)	Conducting enquiries and investigations on intermediaries and other C						
		participants						
	(d)	Both (a) and (b)	0					
14.	How	does a surety is discharged?						
	(a)	By revocation	0					
	(b)	By act or conduct of creditor	0					
	(c)	By act or conduct of creditor	0					
	(d)	All of the above	0					
15.	The	term "Unpaid Seller" includes						
	(a)	Agent of the Buyer	0					
	(b)	Agent of the Seller	0					
	(c)	Agent of the Carrier/Transporter	0					
	(d)	All of the above	0					
16	T							
16.		promissory note, the amount of money payable						
	(a)	must be certain	0					
	(b)	may be certain or uncertain	0					
	(c)	is usually uncertain	0					
	(d)	None of the above	0					
17.	Use	of coupons and samples come under which mode of marketing						
- / •		munication?						
	(a)	Sales promotion	0					
	(b)	Advertising	0					
	(c)	Direct marketing	0					
		0						



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	(d)	None of the above	0			
18.	Inclu	des face to face interaction with customers for closing the sale?				
	(a)	Sales promotion	0			
	(b)	Advertising	0			
	(c)	Direct marketing	0			
	(d)	Personal Selling	0			
19.	In w a top	hich business communication, a speaker has to clearly speak for or against bic?				
	(a)	presentation	0			
	(b)	Debate	0			
	(c)	speech	0			
	(d)	Group discussion	0			
20.	Which of the following is not one of the 8C's of communication?					
	(a)	Curiousness	0			
	(b)	Conciseness	0			
	(c)	Considerate	0			
	(d)	Concreteness	0			
21.	Which of the following is/are kind/s of guarantee?					
	(a)	Retrospective or prospective	0			
	(b)	Specific or continuing	0			
	(c)	Entire or partial debt	0			
	(d)	All of the above	0			
22.	when	le obtaining the consent of the promisee, keeping silence by the promisor n he has a duty to speak about the material facts, amounts to consent ined by				
	(a)	Coercion	0			
	(b)	Misrepresentation	0			
	(c)	Error	0			
	(d)	Fraud	0			
23.		Book depot a catalogue of books enlisting the price of each book and ifying the place where the particular book is available is				



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	(a)	An invitation to offer	0						
	(b)	An offer	0						
	(c)	An invitation to visit the book shop	0						
	(d)	None of these	0						
2.4									
24.		ontracts to sing for N at a concert for ₹ 6,000 which are paid in advance.							
		too ill to sing. Which of the following options is correct?							
	(a)	M is bound to make compensation	0						
	(b)	M is not bound to make compensation to N for the loss of the profit which	0						
		N would have made if M had been able to sing, but must refund to N $\mp (000 \text{ mod} 1 \text{ in a beause})$							
		6,000 paid in advance 0 I is not liable to refund to N₹6.000 paid in advance 0							
	(c)								
	(d)	M is liable for loss of profit as well as for refund	0						
25.	Ape	rson contracted to deliver a part of a specific crop of potatoes. The potatoes							
	were	e destroyed by blight through no fault of the party. The contract is							
	(a)	valid	0						
	(b)	voidable	0						
	(c)	Void due to frustration of contract	0						
	(d)	Illegal	0						
26									
26.		are imagery representations of a huge bulk of data.							
	(a)	Tables	0						
	(b)	Graphs	0						
	(c)	Flowcharts	0						
	(d)	Letters	0						
27.	Whi	ch of the following should be avoided in the Group discussion?							
	(a)	Positive body language	0						
	(b)	Leadership initiative	0						
	(c)	False statements	0						
	(d)	Confidence	0						
28.		munication among employees at the same level in the organizational							
		eture is called -							
	(a)	Grapevine Communication	0						
	(b)	Diagonal Communication	0						
	(c)	Lateral Communication	0						



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	(d)	None of the above	0				
29.	ABi	ll of Lading is a —					
	(a)	Bill of Exchange	0				
	(b)	Promissory Note	0				
	(c)	Cheque	0				
	(d)	Document of Title to Goods	0				
30.	Volu	ntary transfer of possession from one person to another is called as					
	(a)	Ownership	0				
	(b)	Delivery	0				
	(c)	Gift	0				
	(d)	License	0				
31.	A pa	id ₹500 to a Government servant to get him a contract for the canteen. The					
	Gove	ernment servant could not get the contract. Can A recover ₹500 paid by him					
	to th	e Government servant?					
	(a)	yes, the agreement between them is valid and enforceable					
	(b)	yes, the agreement is not opposed to public policy					
	(c)	no, the agreement is a voidable agreement and can be avoided by A	0				
	(d)	no, the agreement is void	0				
32.	Raje	ev entered into a contract with Lata to marry her on a fixed date. However,					
	befor	re the marriage date. Rajeev went mad. With reference to the Indian					
	Cont	ract Act which is the valid response?					
	(a)	Lata can't marry till Rajeev dies	0				
	(b)	The executers of Rajeev can enforce the contract against Lata	0				
	(c)	The contract becomes void	0				
	(d)	All the statements are correct	0				
33.		ds displayed in a shop window with a price label will amount to					
	(a)	Invitation to offer	0				
	(b)	Contract	0				
	(c)	coercion	0				
	(d)	None of the above.	0				



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34.	A co	ntract which is vitiated by undue influence is declared as which one of the				
	follo	wing by the Indian Contract Act?				
	(a)	Invalid	0			
	(b)	Void	0			
	(c)	Illegal	0			
	(d)	Voidable	0			
35.	The	grace period for payment of a negotiable instrument other than payable on				
	demand is days/months					
	(a)	7 days	0			
	(b)	3 days	0			
	(c)	1 month	0			
	(d)	15 days	0			
36.	-	aid Seller can exercise his right of withholding delivery of goods —				
	(a)	even when property in goods has passed to the Buyer	0			
	(b)	only when property in goods has not passed to the Buyer	0			
	(c)	either (a) or (b)	0			
	(d)	neither (a) nor (b)	0			
27						
37.	A sal	le in an executed contract whereas an agreement to sell is an ract.				
	(a)	executory	0			
	(b)	executing	0			
	(c)	exclusive	0			
	(d)	exceptional	0			
38.	Secti	ion 19 of the Sale of Goods Act, deals with passing of property				
	of	goods.				
	(a)	Unascertained Goods	0			
	(b)	Future Goods	0			
	(c)	Specific or Ascertained Goods	0			
	(d)	Contingent Goods	0			
39.	V pr	omises to supply Y one tola of gold brought from the sun. This is				
59.	-	a valid contract	0			
	(a)		0			
	(b)	an illegal contract	0			



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	(c)	a void agreement	0				
	(d)	a voidable agreement	0				
40	A						
40.	A promised B to obtain an employment for him in a public office. B promised to pay ₹2,000 to A for this. B gets a job through A but refuses to pay the						
	money. A can						
	-	-					
	(a)	Challenge B's appointment on the ground of non-payment of money Sue B for ₹2,000	0				
	(b)		0				
	(c)	Do nothing					
	(d)	Do both given at (a) and (b) above	0				
41.	ACo	prporation can be party to a Negotiable Instrument if					
	(a)	authorized by its article of association	0				
	(b)	if special permission of Board of Directors taken	0				
	(c)	if special resolution by Shareholders is passed	0				
	(d)	absolutely without any restrictions	0				
42.	The term "a cheque in the electronic form" is defined in the Negotiable						
	Instruments Act, 1881 - under						
	(a)	Section 6(a)	0				
	(b)	Section 6(1)(a)	0				
	(c)	Explanation 1(a) of Section 6	0				
	(d)	Section 6A.	0				
43.	If the	e words "not negotiable" are used with special crossing in a cheque, the					
	cheque is						
	(a)	not transferable	0				
	(b)	transferable	0				
	(c)	negotiable under certain circumstances	0				
	(d)	none of the above.	0				
44.	If the bank refuses to pay the amount to the payee, the cheque is said to be						
	(a)	 dishonoured	0				
	(b)	discounted	0				
	(c)	honoured	0				
	(d)	renewal	0				

FOUNDATION EXAMINATION MODEL QUESTION PAPER

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MODEL QUESTION PAPER TERM – DEC 2023

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	(a)	9th December, 1881	0		
	(b)	19th December, 1881	0		
	(c)	9th November, 1881	0		
	(d)	1st March, 1882	0		
46.	in ad	omised to marry B and none else and promised her to pay a sum of ₹10,000 dition to what he gets from the other party if he marries someone else. A			
		ies C and gets ₹20,000 from C. B can get from A			
	(a)	₹30,000	0		
	(b)	₹20,000	0		
	(c)	Nothing	0		
	(d)	₹30,000 plus damages	0		
47.	47. Delivery of the keys of a godown where goods are kept amounts to:				
	(a)	Actual delivery	0		
	(b)	Symbolic delivery	0		
	(c)	Constructive delivery	0		
	(d)	All of these	0		
48.	The	term "Unpaid Seller" includes —			
	(a)	Agent of the Buyer	0		
	(b)	Agent of the Seller	0		
	(c)	Agent of the Carrier/Transporter	0		
	(d)	All of the above	0		
49.	Com calle	munication that originates at a lower level and flows to a higher level is d -			
	(a)	Upward Communication	0		
	(b)	Diagonal Communication	0		
	(c)	Downward Communication	0		
	(d)	None of the above	0		
50.		indu already married with a living wife S, enters into a marriage agreement a widow of 30 years of age. This agreement is			
	(a)	Void, because of being opposed to public policy	0		
	(b)	Valid and can be enforced by either party	0		



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(c)	Voidable, because A has obtained B's consent by exercising undue					
	influence against her					
(d)	Void, because of being forbidden by law	0				

Answers:

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.
(a)	(b)	(d)	(d)	(b)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(a)	(a)
11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.
(a)	(b)	(d)	(d)	(b)	(a)	(a)	(d)	(b)	(a)
21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.
(d)	(d)	(c)	(b)	(c)	(b)	(c)	(c)	(d)	(b)
31.	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.
(d)	(c)	(a)	(d)	(b)	(c)	(c)	(c)	(a)	(a)
41.	42.	43.	44.	45.	46.	47.	48.	49.	50.
(a)	(c)	(a)	(a)	(d)	(c)	(b)	(b)	(a)	(d)