

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF <u>CAS - 3 "OVERHEADS"</u> WITH <u>EXPOSURE DRAFT OF CAS - 3 "PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS"</u>

S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft	Remarks
			CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	
		The following is the revised COST ACCOUNTING STANDARD 3 (CAS-3) issued by the Council of The Institute of Cost Accountants of India on "Overheads". In this Standard, the standard portions have been set in <b>bold italic</b> type. This standard shall be read in the context of the	The following is the Cost Accounting Standard on Production and Operation Overheads (CAS-3) (Revised 2015) issued by the Council of the Institute of Cost Accountants of India. This standard replaces CAS-3 (Revised 2011) on Overheads. In this Standard, the standard	
		background material, which has been set in normal type.	portions have been set in <b>bold italic</b> type. This standard shall be read in the context of the background material, which has been set in normal type.	
1.	Introduction	1.1 This standard deals with the principles and methods of determining the Overheads.	<b>1.1</b> This standard deals with the principles and methods of determining the Production and Operation Overheads.	
		1.2 This standard deals with the principles and methods of classification, measurement and assignment of Overheads, for determination of the cost of product or service, and for the presentation and disclosure in cost statements.	1.2 This standard deals with the principles and methods of classification, measurement and assignment of Production and Operation Overheads, for determination of the cost of goods produced or services provided and for the presentation and disclosure in cost statements.	
2.	Objective	The objective of this standard is to bring uniformity and consistency in the principles and methods of determining the Overheads with reasonable accuracy.	The objective of this standard is to bring uniformity and consistency in the principles and methods of determining the Production and Operation Overheads with reasonable	



4. Definitions	This standard shall be applied to cost statements, which require classification, measurement, assignment, presentation and disclosure of Overheads including those requiring attestation.  The following terms are being used in this	This standard shall be applied to cost statements, which require classification, measurement, assignment, presentation and disclosure of Production and Operation Overheads including those requiring attestation.	
	The following terms are being used in this	account.	
	standard with the meaning specified.  4.1 Abnormal cost: An unusual or atypical cost whose occurrence is usually irregular and unexpected and / or due to some abnormal situation of the production or operation.  4.2 Absorption of overheads: Assigning of overheads to cost objects by means of appropriate absorption rate.  Overhead Absorption Rate = Overheads of the Cost object / Quantum of base.  4.3 Administrative Overheads: Cost of all activities relating to general management and	The following terms are being used in this standard with the meaning specified.  4.1 Abnormal cost: An unusual or atypical cost whose occurrence is usually irregular and unexpected or due to some abnormal situation of the production or operation.  4.2 Absorption of Production and Operation Overheads: Assigning of Production and Operation Overheads to cost objects by means of appropriate absorption rate.  Overhead Absorption Rate = Production and Operation Overheads of the Activity divided by the Measure of activity. For example the rate obtained by dividing the overheads of a Machine Shop by machine hours.  Deleted	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
		Administrative overheads shall exclude production overheads, marketing overheads and finance cost. Production overheads include administration costs relating to production, factory, works or manufacturing.	OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	
		4.4 Cost Centre: Any unit of an entity selected with a view to accumulating all cost under that unit. The unit can be division, department, section, group of plant and machinery, group of employees or combination of several units.  A cost centre includes a process, function, activity, location, item of equipment, group of persons or any other unit in relation to which cost are accumulated.	4.3 Cost Centre: Any unit of an entity selected with a view to accumulating all cost under that unit. The unit can be division, department, section, group of plant and machinery, group of employees or combination of several units.  A cost centre includes a process, function, activity, location, item of equipment, group of persons or any other unit in relation to which cost are accumulated.	
		4.5 Cost Object: An activity, contract, cost centre, customer, process, product, project, service or any other object for which costs are ascertained.	4.4 Cost Object: An activity, contract, cost centre, customer, product, process, project, service or any other object for which costs are ascertained.	
		4.6 Distribution Overheads: Distribution overheads, also known as distribution costs, are the costs incurred in handling a product or service from the time it is ready for despatch or delivery until it reaches the ultimate consumer including the units receiving the product or service in an inter-unit transfer.	Deleted	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
		Examples of Distribution Overheads are Cost towards Secondary Packing, Transportation of Finished Goods, Warehousing of Finished Goods, Delivering the Finished Products to Customers, Clearing & Forwarding and Mending or Replacing Packing Materials at Distribution  Point.		
		4.7 Imputed Cost: Notional cost, not involving cash outlay, computed for any purpose.	4.5 Imputed Cost: Notional cost, not involving cash outlay, computed for any purpose.	
		4.8 Indirect Employee Cost: Employee cost, which cannot be directly attributed to a particular cost object.	4.6 Indirect Employee Cost: Employee cost, which cannot be directly attributed to a particular cost object.	
		4.9 Indirect Expenses: Expenses, which cannot be directly attributed to a particular cost object.	4.7 Indirect Expenses: Expenses, which cannot be directly attributed to a particular cost object.	
		4.10 Indirect Material Cost: Material cost that cannot be directly attributed to a particular cost object.	4.8 Indirect Material Cost: Material cost that cannot be directly attributed to a particular cost object.	
		4.11 Marketing Overheads: Marketing Overheads comprises selling overheads and distribution overheads.	Deleted	
		4.12 Normal capacity: Normal Capacity is the	4.9 Normal capacity: Normal capacity is the	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
		production achieved or achievable on an average over a number of periods or seasons under normal circumstances taking into account the loss of capacity resulting from planned maintenance.	volume of production or services achieved or achievable on an average over a period under normal circumstances taking into account the reduction in capacity resulting from planned maintenance.	
		<ul> <li>4.13 Overheads: Overheads comprise costs of indirect materials, indirect employees and indirect expenses.</li> <li>Overheads shall be classified on the basis of functions to which the overheads are related. For example:</li> <li>Production Overheads</li> <li>Administrative Overheads</li> <li>Marketing Overheads</li> <li>In addition Overheads shall also be classified on the basis of behaviour such as variable overheads, semi-variable overheads and fixed overheads.</li> <li>Variable overheads comprise of expenses which vary in proportion to the change of volume of production. For example, cost of utilities etc.</li> <li>Semi-variable overheads are partly affected by change in the production volume. They are further segregated into variable overheads and fixed overheads</li> <li>Fixed overheads comprise of expenses whose</li> </ul>	Deleted and some portion of this clause included in the succeeding clause	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
		value does not change with the change in volume of production. For example, salaries, rent etc.		
		4.14 Production Overheads: Indirect costs involved in the production of a product or in rendering service  The terms Production Overheads, Factory Overheads, Works Overheads and Manufacturing Overheads denote the same meaning and are used interchangeably. Production overheads shall include administration cost relating to production, factory, works or manufacturing.	4.10 Production and Operation Overheads: Indirect costs involved in the production of a product or in providing service. The terms Production Overheads, Factory Overheads, Works Overheads and Manufacturing Overheads denote the same meaning and are used interchangeably.  Production and Operation Overheads include administration cost relating to production, factory, works or manufacturing and providing of services.	
			In addition Production and Operation Overheads shall also be classified on the basis of behaviour such as variable Production and Operation Overheads, semi-variable Production and Operation Overheads and fixed Production and Operation Overheads.  • Variable Production and Operation Overheads comprise of expenses which vary in proportion to the change of volume of production or activity or services provided.  • Semi Variable Costs are the costs that contain both fixed and variable elements. They partly	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
			change with the change in the level of activity.	
			Fixed overhead are indirect costs which do	
			not vary with the change in the volume of	
			production or activity or service provided.	
		4.15 Selling Overheads: Selling overheads are the expenses related to sale of products or services and include all indirect expenses incurred in selling the products or services.	Deleted	
		4.16 Standard Cost: A predetermined cost of a product or service based on technical specifications and efficient operating conditions.  Standard costs are used as scale of reference to compare the actual cost with the standard cost with a view to determine the variances, if any, and analyse the causes of variances and take proper measure to control them. Standard costs are also used for estimation.	4.11 Standard Cost: A predetermined cost of a product or service based on technical specifications and efficient operating conditions.  Standard costs are used as scale of reference to compare the actual cost with the standard cost with a view to determine the variances, if any, and analyse the causes of variances and take proper measure to control them. Standard costs are also used for estimation.	
5.	Principles of Measurement	5.1 Overheads representing procurement of resources shall be determined at invoice or agreed price including duties and taxes, and other expenditure directly attributable thereto net of discounts (other than cash discounts), taxes and duties refundable or to be credited.	5.1 Production and Operation Overheads representing procurement of resources shall be determined at invoice or agreed price including duties and taxes, and other expenditure directly attributable thereto net of discounts (other than cash discounts), taxes and duties refundable or to be credited.	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
		5.2 Overheads other than those referred to in paragraph 5.1 shall be determined on the basis of cost incurred in connection therewith.  For example machinery spare fabricated internally or a repair job carried out internally will include cost incurred on material, employees and expenses.	5.2 Production and Operation Overheads other than those referred to in paragraph 5.1 shall be determined on the basis of cost incurred in connection therewith.  In case of machinery spare fabricated internally or a repair job carried out internally, it will include cost incurred on material, employees and expenses.	
		5.3 Any abnormal cost where it is material and quantifiable shall not form part of the overheads.	5.3 Any abnormal cost where it is material and quantifiable shall not form part of the Production and Operation Overheads.	
		5.4 Finance costs incurred in connection with procured or self generated resources referred to in paragraph 5.1 and 5.2 shall not form part of overheads.	Deleted	
		5.5 Overheads shall not include imputed cost.	5.4 Production and Operation Overheads shall not include imputed cost.	
		5.6 Overhead variances attributable to normal reasons shall be treated as part of overheads. Overhead variances attributable to abnormal reasons shall be excluded from overheads.	5.5 Production and Operation Overhead variances attributable to normal reasons shall be treated as part of Production and Operation Overheads. Overhead variances attributable to abnormal reasons shall be excluded from Production and Operation Overheads.	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft	Remarks
			CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION	
			OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	
		5.7 Any subsidy / Grant / Incentive or amount	5.6 Any subsidy, Grant, Incentive or amount of	
		of similar nature received / receivable with	similar nature received or receivable with	
		respect to overheads shall be reduced for	respect to Production and Operation	
		ascertainment of the cost of the cost object to	Overheads shall be reduced for ascertainment	
		which such amounts are related.	of the cost of the cost object to which such amounts are related.	
		5.8 Fines, penalties, damages and similar	5.7 Fines, penalties, damages and similar	
		levies paid to statutory authorities or other	levies paid to statutory authorities or other	
		third parties shall not form part of the	third parties shall not form part of the	
		overheads.	Production and Operation Overheads.	
		5.9 Credits / recoveries relating to the	5.8 Credits or recoveries relating to the	
		overheads, material and quantifiable, shall be	Production and Operation Overheads,	
		deducted from the total overhead to arrive at	material and quantifiable, shall be deducted	
		the net overheads. Where the recovery	from the total Production and Operation	
		exceeds the total overheads, the balance	overhead to arrive at the net Production and	
		recovery shall be treated as other income.	Operation Overheads. Where the recovery exceeds the total Production and Operation	
			Overheads, the balance recovery shall be	
			treated as other income.	
			deated as other meanic.	
		5.10 Any change in the cost accounting	5.9 Any change in the cost accounting	
		principles applied for the measurement of the	principles applied for the measurement of the	
		overheads shall be made only if, it is required	Production and Operation Overheads shall be	
		by law or for compliance with the	made only if, it is required by law or for	
		requirements of a cost accounting standard, or	compliance with the requirements of a cost	
		a change would result in a more appropriate	accounting standard, or a change would result	
		preparation or presentation of cost statements	in a more appropriate preparation or	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
		of an entity.	presentation of cost statements of an entity.	
6.	Assignment	6.1 While assigning overheads, traceability to a cost object in an economically feasible manner shall be the guiding principle. The cost which can be traced directly to a cost object shall be directly assigned.	6.1 While assigning Production and Operation Overheads, traceability to a cost object in an economically feasible manner shall be the guiding principle. The cost which can be traced directly to a cost object shall be directly assigned.	
		6.2 Assignment of overheads to the cost objects shall be based on either of the following two principles;	6.2 Assignment of Production and Operation Overheads to the cost objects shall be based on either of the following two principles;	
		<ul> <li>i) Cause and Effect - Cause is the process or operation or activity and effect is the incurrence of cost.</li> <li>ii) Benefits received - overheads are to be apportioned to the various cost objects in proportion to the benefits received by them.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>i) Cause and Effect - Cause is the process or operation or activity and effect is the incurrence of cost.</li> <li>ii) Benefits received - Production Overheads are to be apportioned to the various cost objects in proportion to the benefits received by them.</li> </ul>	
		In case of facilities created on a standby or ready to serve basis, the cost shall be assigned on the basis of expected benefits instead of actual.	In case of facilities created on a standby or ready to serve basis, the cost shall be assigned on the basis of expected benefits instead of actual.	
		<ul><li>6.3 Absorption of Production Overheads shall be as follows:</li><li>6.3.1 The variable production overheads shall be absorbed to products or services based on</li></ul>	6.3 Absorption of Production and Operation Overheads shall be as follows: 6.3.1 The variable Production and Operation Overheads shall be absorbed to products or	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
		actual capacity utilisation. 6.3.2 The fixed production overheads shall be absorbed based on the normal capacity.	services based on actual production. 6.3.2 The fixed production and Operation Overheads shall be absorbed based on the normal capacity.	
		6.4 Assignment of Administration Overheads shall be in accordance with CAS-11.  6.5 Assignment of Marketing Overheads shall be as follows: 6.5.1 Marketing Overheads that can be identified to a product or service shall be assigned to that product or service. 6.5.2 Marketing Overheads that cannot be identified to a product or service shall be	Deleted	
		assigned to the products or services on the most appropriate basis.		
7.	Presentation	7.1 Overheads shall be presented as separate cost heads like production, administration and marketing.	7.1 If material, element wise and behaviour wise details of the Production and Operation Overheads shall be presented.	
		7.2 Element wise and behaviour wise details of the overheads shall be presented, if material.	7.2 Production and Operation Overheads shall be presented as separate cost head. Components of such overheads shall be presented, where-ever necessary.	
		7.3 Any under-absorption or over-absorption of overheads shall be presented in the reconciliation statement.	7.3 Any under-absorption or over-absorption of Production and Operation Overheads shall be presented in the reconciliation statement.	



S No	Particulars	CAS-3 on OVERHEADS (Revised 2011)	Exposure Draft CAS-3 on PRODUCTION AND OPERATION OVERHEADS (REVISED 2015)	Remarks
8.	Disclosures	8.1 The cost statements shall disclose the following:  1. The basis of assignment of overheads to the cost objects.  2. Overheads incurred in foreign exchange.  3. Overheads relating to resources received from or supplied to related parties.  4. Any Subsidy / Grant / Incentive or any amount of similar nature received / receivable	8.1 The cost statements shall disclose the following:  1. The basis of assignment of Production and Operation Overheads to the cost objects.  2. Production and Operation Overheads incurred in foreign exchange.  3. Production and Operation Overheads relating to resources received from or supplied to related parties.  4. Any Subsidy, Grant, Incentive or any amount of similar nature received or receivable	
		reduced from overheads.  5. Credits / recoveries relating to the overheads. 6. Any abnormal cost not forming part of the overheads. 7. Any unabsorbed overheads.	reduced from Production and Operation Overheads. 5. Credits or recoveries relating to the Production and Operation Overheads. 6. Any abnormal cost not forming part of the Production and Operation Overheads. 7. Any unabsorbed Production and Operation Overheads.	
		<ul><li>8.2 Disclosures shall be made only where material, significant and quantifiable.</li><li>8.3 Disclosures shall be made in the body of the Cost Statement or as a foot note or as a separate schedule.</li></ul>	<ul><li>8.2 Disclosures shall be made only where material, significant and quantifiable.</li><li>8.3 Disclosures shall be made in the body of the Cost Statement or as a foot note or as a separate schedule.</li></ul>	
		8.4 Any change in the cost accounting	8.4 Any change in the cost accounting	



S No	Particulars	cas-3 on Overheads (Revised 2011)  principles and methods applied for the measurement and assignment of the overheads during the period covered by the cost statement which has a material effect on the overheads shall be disclosed. Where the effect of such change is not ascertainable wholly or partly the fact shall be indicated.	measurement and assignment of the Production and Operation Overheads during the period covered by the cost statement which has a material effect on the Production and Operation Overheads shall be disclosed. Where the effect of such change is not ascertainable wholly or partly the fact shall be indicated.	Remarks
9.	Effective date	NIL	This Cost Accounting Standard shall be effective from the period commencing on or after 1st April for being applied for the preparation and certification of General Purpose Cost Accounting Statement.	